Effectively responding to homelessness in Cape Town

Create a holistic developmental response to homelessness that builds on 'what works' and provides effective pathways off the streets through:

Actions /investments required in Cape Town Implement a number of simple, proven, hygienic solutions that reduce the daily impact of homelessness on both people experiencing homelessness and the community within which they sleep. These solutions include: Secure accessible public facilities for both ablution and sanitation in each sub-council that are open 18 hours per day throughout the year Provision of toilets Increased safe sleeping spaces (also a first rung on the housing ladder) Mobile health services that are The city to switch its law enforcement policy on homelessness away from a focus on punitive actions e.g. fines, that do not make a person leave the street, to alternative proven and effective social development measures. Punitive responses to homelessness is growing) and undermine existing developmental work of service providers trying to help homeless people to leave the street long term. The city to switch its law enforcement policy on homelessness away from a focus on punitive actions e.g. fines, that do not make a person leave the street, to alternative proven and effective social development measures. Punitive responses to homelessness is growing) and undermine existing development and accommodation options beyond homeless shelters. This will include a full housing ladder approach (safe space, shelter, transitional housing, social housing, housing first options offering permanent housing, and innovative housing solutions, e.g. pods or container houses. All accommodation should be linked to daily developmental, rehabilitation and training	National Homeless Network theme	Access to sanitation and ablutions	Access to health facilities	Equal treatment by the law	Shelter & Accommodation	Increasing Economic opportunity
Actions /investments required in Cape Town Implement a number of simple, proven, hygienic solutions that reduce the daily impact of homelessness on both people experiencing homelessness and the community within which they sleep. These solutions include:	What is	Reducing the day to d	day impact of	Developmental and not punitive	Increased housing options	Expanding meaningful
Proven, hygienic solutions that reduce the daily impact of homelessness on both people experiencing homelessness and the community within which they sleep. These solutions include: Secure accessible public facilities for both ablution and sanitation in each sub-council that are open 18 hours per day throughout the year Provision of toilets Increased safe sleeping spaces (also a first rung on the housing ladder) Mobile health services that are Mobile health services that are	needed	homelessness		solutions		employment opportunities
experiencing homelessness and include support for people suffering from mental ill health Centres/hubs that provide daily service and therapeutic group sessions to meet basic daily needs and support a person to	Actions /investments required in	 Implement a number proven, hygienic sol reduce the daily imphomelessness on be experiencing homel community within with these solutions included in each sub-countour 18 hours per day year Provision of lincreased safe slengladder) Mobile health se accessible and frexperiencing hor include support for suffering from modern centres/hubs that service and there sessions to meet 	lutions that pact of oth people lessness and the which they sleep. ude: e public facilities in and sanitation incil that are open y throughout the f toilets leeping spaces on the housing ervices that are riendly to people melessness and for people mental ill health at provide daily apeutic group t basic daily	The city to switch its law enforcement policy on homelessness away from a focus on punitive actions e.g. fines, that do not make a person leave the street, to alternative proven and effective social development measures. Punitive responses to homelessness do not act as a deterrent (homelessness is growing) and undermine existing developmental work of service providers trying to help homeless people to leave the street long	accommodation options beyond homeless shelters. This will include a full housing ladder approach (safe space, shelter, transitional housing, social housing, affordable housing), housing first options offering permanent housing, and innovative housing solutions, e.g. pods or container houses. All accommodation should be linked to daily developmental, rehabilitation and training programmes and cannot just	Provide at least 1000 long-term work-based skills development opportunities for people experiencing homelessness as part of a structured developmental rehabilitation programme (includes therapy, training and skills development). Provide incentives and implement quotas for businesses and the City of Cape Town to hire graduates of such developmental

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Benefits for all due to these actions / investments

- Big reduction in human waste found on the street in the mornings making the City a nicer place to be, reducing unavoidable by-law infringements, decreasing urban cleaning costs, and increasing dignity of those living on the streets.
- A city with improved level of primary health for all and support provided to people living on the street with mental ill health.
- Spaces people experiencing homelessness can go that provide psychosocial support and longer term assistance to leave the street.

- Not entrenching homelessness through a law enforcement approach & criminalization that makes it even harder for someone to leave the streets.
- A truly caring livable city that treats all equally before the law for all infringements.
- A reduction in the number of people living on the street and the associated problems this brings (e.g. littering / human waste etc).
- Increased success of developmental programmes providing a pathway for people off the street.
- A thriving economy that reduces unemployment and puts more money into circulation locally and therefore the Fiscus both locally and nationally
- Increase the flow of people through the programme by increasing the number of exit points. Also will increase the number of people within businesses and the City of Cape Town with lived experience on the street, improving programme planning and outcomes.